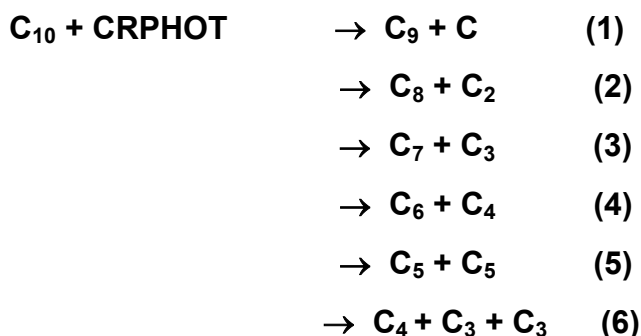


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*Thermodynamic Data*

Dissociation Energy (1) = 724 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> = 7.50 eV  
 Dissociation Energy (2) = 753 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> = 7.80 eV  
 Dissociation Energy (3) = 579 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> = 6.00 eV  
 Dissociation Energy (4) = 743 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> = 7.70 eV  
 Dissociation Energy (5) = 579 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> = 6.00 eV  
 Dissociation Energy (6) = 1079 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> = 11.20 eV  
 Ionisation Potential = 877 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> = 9.10 eV

DE from Raghavachari (1987) (estimated error bars of the order of 0.4 eV) ; IP(Adiabatic) from Van Orden 1998 (error bar, 0.1 eV).

**Rate Coefficient Data**

<i>k</i> / molecule <sup>-1</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>	<i>T</i> / K	Reference	Comments
<i>Rate Coefficient Measurement</i>			
None			
<i>Reviews and Evaluations</i>			
1.0 × 10 <sup>3</sup> × ζ		OSU09 website	(a)
0.5 × 10 <sup>3</sup> × ζ	10-41000	UMIST06 database	(a)
<i>Branching Fraction Measurement</i>			
(1) = 0.01 (±0.005)		Chabot 2006, 2010	(c)
(2) = 0.01 (±0.005)			
(3) = 0.70 (±0.03)			
(4) = 0.03 (±0.01)			
(5) = 0.25 (±0.02)			
<i>Branching fraction Reviews and Evaluations</i>			
(1) = 1.0; (2) = (3) = (4) = (5) = 0.0		OSU09 website	(b)
(1) = 1.0; (2) = (3) = (4) = (5) = 0.0	10-41000	UMIST06 database	

## Comments

(a) In OSU database the sum of CRPHOT and CR is considered. The last one is expected to be negligible as compared to CRPHOT. Rate has been taken identical to the estimated rate of Gredel (1989) for the C<sub>3</sub>.

Lognormal factor 1.25 of accuracy is reported.

(b) Branching fractions reported in OSU databases are those given in Bettens & Herbst (1995) although no details on how these were estimated for the CRPHOT process were found anywhere in the literature.

(c) Measurements have been performed with high velocity collision experiments on hot (3000°K) C<sub>10</sub> clusters produced by a sputtering source. Results have been interpreted satisfactorily within statistical fragmentation behaviour (Martinet, 2004). Derivation of these experimental results in astrochemical context assumes that statistical fragmentation occurs under CRPHOT process (Chabot 2010). Channel (6) is not relevant because it requires CRPHOT energies above or very close to the end of the emission spectrum of H<sub>2</sub> (Gredel 1989).

## Preferred Values

*Rate constant:*

$$k = 1.0 \times 10^3 \times \zeta \text{ molecule}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

*Reliability of rate constant:*

Factor 2

*Recommended Branching Fractions:*

$$(1) = (2) = (4) = 0.00$$

$$(3) = 0.75$$

$$(5) = 0.25$$

*Reliability of Branching Fractions:*

±0.1 (uniform)

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